CLAIMS

- 1. A permanent magnet brushless motor comprising:
 - a wound assembly comprising permeable laminations with slots;
 - an insulated copper wire wound within the slots to provide electrical phases;
- a field assembly comprising a permeable structure and at least 20 magnet poles arranged thereon;

wherein the wound assembly and the field assembly are arranged to produce a motive force when the electrical phases of the wound assembly are excited; and wherein the wound assembly has more slots than the field assembly has poles.

- 2. The permanent magnet brushless motor of claim 1 wherein the motor has 36 slots and 46 poles.
- 3. The permanent magnet brushless motor of claim 1 wherein the motor has 30 slots and 38 poles.
- 4. The permanent magnet brushless motor of claim 1 wherein the wound assembly rotates and the field assembly remains still.
- 5. A permanent magnet brushless motor comprising:
 - a wound assembly with slots formed therein;
 - an insulated copper wire wound within the slots to provide electrical phases;
- a field assembly comprising a permeable structure and permanent magnet poles arranged thereon;

wherein the wound assembly and the field assembly are arranged to produce a motive force when the electrical phases of the wound assembly are excited; and wherein the ratio of slots to poles is less than 0.75.

- 6. A permanent magnet brushless motor comprising:
 - a wound assembly with slots formed therein;
 - an insulated copper wire wound within the slots to provide electrical phases;
- a field assembly comprising a permeable structure and permanent magnet poles arranged thereon;

wherein the wound assembly and the field assembly are arranged to produce a motive force when the electrical phases of the wound assembly are excited; and wherein the ratio of slots to poles is greater than 0.75 but less than 1.0.

- 7. A permanent magnet brushless motor according to claim 6 wherein the ratio of slots to poles is less than 0.90.
- 8. A slow speed/high torque permanent magnet brushless servo motor comprising:
 a wound assembly with slots formed therein;
 an insulated copper wire wound within the slots to provide electrical phases.
 a field assembly comprising a permeable structure and at least 20 permanent magnet poles arranged thereon;

wherein the wound assembly and the field assembly are arranged to produce a motive force when the electrical phases of the wound assembly are excited; and wherein the ratio of slots to poles is greater than 0.5 but less than 1.0.

- 9. The motor according to claim 8 wherein the slot pole ratio is chosen to create a balanced winding.
- 10. The motor according to claim 8 wherein the slot pole ratio is chosen for optimum cogging performance.

- 11. The motor according to claim 8 wherein the slot/pole ratio is chosen to enable efficient machine winding of the wound assembly.
- 12. The motor according to claim 8 wherein the slot/pole ratio is chosen to have a low total harmonic distortion.
- 13. The motor according to claim 8 wherein the slot pole ratio is chosen to create a balanced winding, with optimum cogging performance, and efficient machine winding of the wound assembly.